Profile No.: 08 NIC Code:19204

# **BRIQUETTED FUEL**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Briquetted fuel is produced from biomass such as agro-waste and other organic matters. This is produced by compaction of biomass after removing moisture. This process increases the calorific value of the fuel. The briquettes are made using extrusion process and then cut into required sizes. Normally, one inch diameter and six inch length briquette fuel is produced and used for generation of energy. In India, large quantity of biomass is available in rural areas and there is huge potential as fuel is required for daily cooking, for industrial purpose and for hotels & restaurants.

### 2. PRODUCTS AND ITS APPLICATION

Briquetted fuel is high calorific product used as substitute for conventional coal or in place of firing directly agro-waste for energy generation. There are producers of briquetted fuel in India and supplying fuel to household, industries, hotels, etc. The location of the plant highly depends on the availability of abundant and cheap agrowaste in nearby areas.

## 3. DESIRED QUALIFICATION FOR PROMOTER

There is no specific requirement as regards qualification, however, ability to collect cheap raw materials and contact with consumers will go a long way in success of such enterprise. Moreover, experience in repairs and maintenance of machines may help in easy running of the plant.

### 4. INDUSTRY OUTLOOK/TREND

India is facing energy shortages due to limited availability of fossil fuels. Therefor government is promoting alternative sources of energy including bio mass. Briquetted fuel is made from agro waste and saw dust. This is likely to continue in future as it is also important to dispose of waste materials to protect the environment.

### 5. MARKET POTENTIAL AND MARKETING ISSUES, IF ANY

Market for briquetted fuel is all over India including rural and urban areas. The proximity to the market will reduce the cost. In the initial period, awareness in the market may be created by the promoters. Apart from household demand, entrepreneur should also look at surrounding industries using coal or firewood. Similarly, nearby hotels and restaurants may give good market for the product.

The energy shortage in India offer good potential for such products. It is also cheaper compared to the conventional fuel.

## **6. RAW MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS**

Variety of raw materials can be used depending on the availability and price. However, preferred raw materials will be sugarcane bagasse, cotton stalk, wood dust, groundnut husk, corn cobs, etc. For the production 3000 MT per year of briquetted fuel, on an average 3600 MT of agro-waste will be required to produce briquetted fuel. The quantity will vary according to the type of biomass and moisture content. An average price of Rs.1500 per MT is taken for raw materials. It may also change from place to place and season to season.

## 7. MANUFACTURING PROCESS

The agro-waste is first chopped into small pieces and then sundried to reduce moisture content. It is then fed to the briquetted fuel producing plant where it is compacted and

heated to form briquettes. The production end product will be in continuous length and then it is cut into required size online.

The fuel is packed in 25 kg. bags mostly used one for retail marketing. For bulk consumers like industries and hotels, it may be supplied in loose form to reduce the cost.

## 8. MANPOWER REQUIREMENT

For the production of 3000 MT per year, the unit will require Supervisor, Skilled man power unskilled manpower, Salesman, Accountant & Office boy. All general functions will be carried out by the promoters. The annual cost of manpower works out to Rs.9.06 lakhs.

## **Manpower Requirement**

| Sr. | Designation of      | Monthly  | Number of          | Value Rs. |
|-----|---------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|
| No. | Employees           | Salary • | employees required | in lacs   |
| 1   | Unskilled man power | 4,000    | 10                 | 4.80      |
| 2   | Supervisor          | 10,000   | 1                  | 1.20      |
| 3   | Skilled man power   | 5,000    | 3                  | 1.80      |
| 4   | Sales Man           | 6,000    | 1                  | 0.72      |
| 5   | Accountant          | 6,000    | 1                  | 0.72      |
| 6   | Office boy          | 3,500    | 1                  | 0.42      |
|     |                     |          |                    |           |
|     | Total               |          | 17                 | 9.66      |

### 9. IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

The implementation time required to complete erection, installation and commissioning of the machinery is estimated to be 8 months from the date of arranging finance and identifying building.

### 10. COST OF PROJECT

The cost of project as per market rate of factory building, machinery, miscellaneous items, working capital margin and preliminary and pre-operative expenses works out as under:

**Cost of Project** 

| Sr. No. | Particulars                         | · in Lacs |
|---------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1       | Land                                | 10.00     |
| 2       | Building                            | 15.00     |
| 3       | Plant & Machinery                   | 35.00     |
| 4       | Furniture, Electrical Installations | 2.50      |
| 5       | Other Assets                        | 0.50      |
| 6       | Margin for Working Capital          | 5.49      |
|         | Total                               | 68.49     |

## 11. MEANS OF FINANCE

Based on the present norms of the bank, means of finance is worked out as under.

**Means of Finance** 

| Sr. No. | Particulars             | · in Lacs    |  |  |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| 1       | Promoter's contribution | 20,54,700.00 |  |  |
| 2       | Bank Finance            | 47,94,300.00 |  |  |
|         | Total                   | 68.49        |  |  |

## 12. WORKING CAPITAL CALCULATION

Working capital required for storage of raw materials and finished goods, monthly overheads, goods in process, receivables and trade credit is worked out based on the present norms of the bank as under.

## **Working Capital Calculations**

| Sr. No. | Particulars | Gross<br>Amt. | Margin % | Margin Amt. | Bank Finance |
|---------|-------------|---------------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| 1       | Inventories | 4.50          | 40%      | 1.80        | 2.70         |
| 2       | Receivables | 10.00         | 40%      | 4.00        | 6.00         |
| 3       | Overheads   | 1.18          | 50%      | 0.59        | 0.59         |
| 4       | Creditors   | -2.25         | 40%      | -0.90       | -1.35        |
|         | Total       | 13.43         |          | 5.49        | 7.94         |

## 13. LIST OF MACHINERY REQUIRED AND THEIR MANUFACTURERS

The main items of plant and machinery are briquetting press, chopping machine, conveyor, weighing scale and material handling trolleys.

- Jay Khodiyar Machine Tools
   Opp. Kaneriya Oil Industries,
   Gondal Road, Street Number 2,
   Samrat Industrial Area,
   Rajkot 360004
   Gujarat
- GMK Hydro Engineers
   No. 3, B-3, GMK Complex,
   Dr Nanjapaa Rd,
   Grey Town, ATT Colony,
   Gopalapuram,
   Coimbatore 641018
   Tamil Nadu

#### 14. PROFITABILITY CALCULATIONS

The profitability is worked out as under after taking into account all variable and fixed expenses as under.

## **Profitability Calculations**

| Sr. No. | Particulars                  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 |
|---------|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1       | Sales                        | 84     | 96     | 108    | 108    | 108    |
| 2       | Raw Materials & Other direct |        |        |        |        |        |
| 2       | inputs                       | 50.162 | 57.328 | 64.494 | 64.494 | 64.494 |
| 3       | Gross Margin                 | 33.838 | 38.672 | 43.506 | 43.506 | 43.506 |
| 4       | Overheads except interest    | 4.977  | 5.688  | 6.399  | 6.399  | 6.399  |
| 5       | Interest                     | 3.136  | 3.584  | 4.032  | 4.032  | 4.032  |
| 6       | Depreciation                 | 3.241  | 3.704  | 4.167  | 4.167  | 4.167  |
| 7       | Net Profit before tax        | 22.484 | 25.696 | 28.908 | 28.908 | 28.908 |

The proposed unit will have the production capacity of 3000 MT per year. The unit cost of power is taken at Rs. 8. The depreciation on building is taken at the rate of 5% whereas for plant and machinery it is at 10%.

The sales price of briquetted fuel is taken at the rate of Rs. 4,000 per MT.

## 15. BREAKEVEN ANALYSIS

The Break-Even point as percentage of targeted sales works out as under.

Cash Break-Even (as % of Targeted sales)

| Sr. No. | Particulars                |          | Value  |
|---------|----------------------------|----------|--------|
|         |                            |          | Year-1 |
| 1       | Sales Realization          | Rs. Lacs | 120.00 |
| 2       | Variable costs             | Rs. Lacs | 71.66  |
| 3       | Fixed costs incl. interest | Rs. Lacs | 7.11   |
|         |                            |          | 14.70  |
| 4       | BEP = FC/SR-VC x 100 =     |          | %      |

# **16. STATUTORY/ GOVERNMENT APPROVALS**

There is no specific statutory requirement for this processing industry. However MSME & GST registration, IEC Code for Export of end products and local authority clearance may be required for Shops and Establishment, for Fire and Safety requirement and registration for ESI, PF and Labour laws may be required if applicable. Entrepreneur may contact State Pollution Control Board where ever it is applicable.

#### 17. BACKWARD AND FORWARD INTEGRATION

There is no possibility of any backward and forward linkages

## 18. TRAINING CENTERS/COURSES

The suppliers of machines provide technical guidance and in plant training. Most of them have their own demonstration plant or take entrepreneur to the company where they have supplied the machines.

'Udyamimitra portal (link: www.udyamimitra.in) can also be accessed for handholding services viz. application filling / project report preparation, EDP, financial Training, Skill Development, mentoring etc.'

Entrepreneurship development programs help to run businesses successfully and are available from Institutes like Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India (EDII) and its affiliates all over India.

#### Disclaimer:

Only few machine manufacturers are mentioned in the profile, although many machine manufacturers are available in the market. The addresses given for machinery manufacturers have been taken from reliable sources, to the best of knowledge and contacts. However, no responsibility is admitted, in case any inadvertent error or incorrectness is noticed therein. Further the same have been given by way of information only and do not carry any recommendation.