Profile No.: 71 NIC Code:22203

BOPP SELF ADHESIVE TAPE

1. INTRODUCTION

The packaging industry in India, which started on low ebb in the 1950's, has grown slowly and steadily in both quality and quantity. The 70's and 80's witnessed a remarkable change in materials as well as machinery. This has not only given a face-lift to the industry but also opened it up for innovations. In this period, the industry by and large, depended on domestic resources for materials as well as machinery. This was due to various restrictions on imports. Around the mid 90's, liberalisation opened the industry further and it began to reflect in the changes in consumers' consumption pattern.

2. PRODUCTS AND ITS APPLICATION

These tapes are used in electrical insulation purpose, in packaging, sealing and a various other general uses. These tapes are also used for general labelling with printing.

3. DESIRED QUALIFICATION FOR PROMOTER

The Promoter should have preferably a basic degree in plastic engineering/ processing or a degree/ diploma in engineering / or a degree in chemistry. Experience of at least two to three years in plastic industry is desirable.

4. INDUSTRY OUTLOOK AND TRENDS

Packaging in India is an Rs.11, 500 crores industry and growing at the rate of 18 per cent annually. The global market for packaging is US \$900 billion and India's share is only US \$3 billion, but while the per capita expenditure on packaging in the US is a whopping US \$125, it is only \$6.5 in India. Therefore, there is a huge potential for growth in the Indian packaging industry.

4. MARKET POTENTIAL AND MARKETING ISSUES, IF ANY

The BOPP Adhesive Tapes are used for packaging. It is consumed daily in large quantities by all industrial and commercial organisations. From packing courier covers and bags to packing of pharmaceutical cartons, everywhere, the self-adhesive tapes are consumed. The consumption increases in line with the improved standard of living and business activity in the society. Therefore the consumption of this product is bound to increase further.

5. RAW MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

The materials required for manufacturing self-adhesive tapes are the following: 12 mm BOPP film in 1000 mm wide rolls.

6. MANUFACTURING PROCESS

The BOPP roll is loaded in the coating machine and adhesive applied on one side. The coated roll is loaded in the slitting machine and the slit tapes wound in the paper core of required width automatically. The paper core of required width is obtained from the automatic core cutting machine by cutting from the long paper core.

7. MANPOWER REQUIREMENT

Sr. No.	Particulars	Nos	Salary (Rs.)
1	Manager	1	12000
2	Accountant	1	10000
3	Office boy cum Store Keeper	1	5000
4	Unskilled Worker	4	14000
5	Supervisor	1	7500
6	Skilled worker	2	14000
7	Semi-Skilled Worker	4	18000
8	Watchman	1	5000
	Total	15	85500

8. IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Estimated implementation time for the project would be 15 to 17 months.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Time Period
1	Preparation of Project report	Two months
2	Sanction of loan	Four months
3	Selection of Site	Two month
4	Registration and other formalities	One month
5	Machinery procurement, erection and Installation	six Months
6	Trial production and commissioning	Two Months

9. COST OF PROJECT

Sr. No.	Particulars	Rs. In lakhs
1	Land and Building	30.00
2	Plant and Machinery	44.11
3	Miscellaneous Assets	3.25
4	P & P Expenses	2.35
	Contingencies @ 10% on land and building and	
5	plant and machinery	7.41
6	Working capital margin	65.07
	Total	152.19

10. MEANS OF FINANCE

Sr. No.	Particulars	Rs. (lakhs)
1	Promoter's contribution	45.657
2	Bank Finance	106.533
		152.19

11. WORKING CAPITAL CALCULATION

Sr. No.	Particulars	Rs. lakhs	Stock	Promoter	Margi	Bank
31. 140.	Particulars	KS. IakiiS	Period days	Margin	n Amt.	Finance
1	Salaries and wages	0.85	30	1	0.85	-
2	Raw material and packaging material	68.21	30	0.5	34.105	34.105
3	Utilities	0.56	30	0.5	0.28	0.28
4	Debtors	74.58	30	0.4	29.832	44.748
	Total	144.2			65.067	

12. LIST OF MACHINERY REQUIRED

Sr. No.	Particulars	Rs. lakhs
1	Coating machine	28.5
2	slitter turret machine with accessories	6.51
3	Automatic core cutting machine	5.50
4	Baby slitter	1.80
5	Salvage rewinding machine	1.80
	Total	44.11

The major machinery required for the project, namely, protein plant is manufactured by a number of manufacturers such as Remika Plastic Extrusion technology, Konark Plastomac Pvt. Ltd.;

13. PROFITABILITY CALCULATIONS

(Rs.)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
	Sales Realization per					
(A)	annum	89349750	102114000	114878250	114878250	114878250
(B)	Cost of Production					
	Raw material per					
1	annum	81854745	93548280	105241815	105241815	105241815
2	Utilities	472500	540000	607500	607500	607500
3	Salaries	1026000	1077300	1128600	1128600	1128600
	Repairs and					
4	maintenance	250000	265000	280000	295000	310000
	Selling expenses (3%					
5	on sales value)	2680492.5	3063420	3446347.5	3446347.5	3446347.5
	Administrative					
	Expenses (other					
6	expenses)	315000	335000	355000	375000	395000
	Total	86598737.5	98829000	111059262.5	111094262.5	111129262.5
	Profit before interest &					
(C)	depreciation	2751012.5	3285000	3818987.5	3783987.5	3748987.5
	depreciation	1111650	1111650	1111650	1111650	1111650
	Profit Before term					
	loan and tax	1639362.5	2173350	2707337.5	2672337.5	2637337.5
	Interest on term loan					
	(11%)	1113269.85	937490.4	703117.8	468745.2	234372.6
	Profit before tax	526092.65	1235859.6	2004219.7	2203592.3	2402964.9

Tax (30%)	157827.795	370757.88	601265.91	661077.69	720889.47
Total Profit	368264.855	865101.72	1402953.79	1542514.61	1682075.43

Underlying assumptions for probability calculation are:-

The installed capacity of the plant is assumed at 700 MT per annum. The capacity utilization is taken at 70% for the first year. The raw material price is assumed at Rs. 115/- per KG. The selling price is taken at Rs.140/- per KG. Power cost is taken at Rs.8/- per unit. Interest rate on long term loan is taken at 11%.

14. BREAKEVEN ANALYSIS

Fixed Cost (FC):	Rs. In lakhs
Wages & Salaries	10.26
Repairs & Maintenance	2.5
Depreciation	11.13
Admin. & General expenses	3.15
Interest on Term Loan	11.13
Total	38.17

Fixed Cost: 38.17 Profit After Tax: 3.68

 $BEP = FC \times 100/FC+P$

=38.17/41.85 x 70/100 x 100

63.84%

16. STATUTORY/GOVERNMENT APPROVALS

There is no specific statutory requirement for plastic industry process. However, MSME registration various taxation related registration and labour law related compliances have to be ensured. Entrepreneur may contact State Pollution Control Board where ever it is applicable.

17. BACKWARD & FORWARD LINKAGES

There are no specific backward or forward linkages related techno-economic advantages or synergies for this type of project. However, in future after achieving certain growth entrepreneur may consider backward linkage.

18. TRAINING CENTRE AND COURSES:

There are number of institutions providing facilities and training courses on production/marketing for the proposed project. These are Central Institute of Plastic Engineering and Technology (CIPET), Indian Institute of Packaging Management (IIPM), Plastic and Rubber Institute (PRI), Indo German Tool Room (IGTR), etc.

Udyamimitra portal (link: www.udyamimitra.in) can also be accessed for handholding services viz. application filling / project report preparation, EDP, financial Training, Skill Development, mentoring etc.

Entrepreneurship program helps to run business successfully is also available from Institutes like Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India (EDII) and its affiliates all over India.

Disclaimer:

Only few machine manufacturers are mentioned in the profile, although many machine manufacturers are available in the market. The addresses given for machinery manufacturers have been taken from reliable sources, to the best of knowledge and contacts. However, no responsibility is admitted, in case any inadvertent error or incorrectness is noticed therein. Further the same have been given by way of information only and do not carry any recommendation.